# Drawing your own labyrinths <br> Art in Maths <br> Friday $5^{\text {th }}$ June 2020 



## Labyrinths

As we learned yesterday
mazes have many
branching paths, with only
one path leading to the
centre or exit.
Labyrinths, on the other hand, are unicursal (single-pathed).


Did you know: some of the earliest mazes and labyrinths we know of were found in Egypt and in Crete, dating back over 4000 years.

One of the most famous of these is the seven-circuit Cretan labyrinth.

## Labyrinths

In Greek mythology, the Cretan king Minos owned a labyrinth in which lurked the Minotaur - a half-man, half-bull creature who ate anyone lost in the labyrinth.

The Romans built many mosaic labyrinths, which were typically found in the entrance halls of their villas.

Mazes and labyrinths are still very popular today, with many large ones found in the grounds of parks and stately homes.

## Labyrinths



Bronze Age labyrinth, Val Camonica, Italy

## Labyrinths



Roman mosaic of Theseus and the Minotaur, Cyprus

## Labyrinths



Labyrinth of stones, Land's End, San Francisco

## Labyrinths



Longleat Safari Park, Wiltshire

## Drawing a labyrinth

You will need:

- some plain paper
- a pencil
- a good eraser

Follow the instruction on the next 4 slides.

## Drawing a labyrinth



Using plain paper, a pencil and a ruler, start in the middle of the page and make a set of 9 tiny vertical dots $\mathbf{1 ~ c m}$ apart from each other.

Placing your pencil on each make a set of 8 concentric (sharing the same centre) semi-circles going through each dot.


## Drawing a labyrinth

Now place your pencil on the bottom right-hand edge of the second smallest semicircle.

Make a set of 6 concentric quarter circles using this point as the centre and extending the original 6 outer circles.


Continue these lines on but don't go further than the red dot on my example.


## Drawing a labyrinth

This time extend the $\mathbf{5}$ outer semi-circles on the left side do not go past the $3^{\text {rd }}$ smallest semi circle.

Continue these lines on but don't go further than the red dot on my example.


## Drawing a labyrinth

Now here it gets a little bit tricky. Using your pencil follow these stages. I have colour coded them to help - do not change your pencil!

1. Add the horizontal line (blue)
2. create the curved line (orange)
3. Join all remaining semi circles. (yellow)

Your labyrinth is complete!
Now test it out: is there one single path to the centre?

It would be lovely to see this work uploaded to the website!


## Drawing a labyrinth

Can you work out how to scale your labyrinth up or down?


